

ETSI

Cybersecurity & 3GPP

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Bringing people together at ETSI ...



ETSI is an Independent, non-profit organization

Drawn from over 60 countries and on five continents

30+ years track record of technical excellence in the ICT sector

Strong community of experts and innovators

Diverse community: SMEs, micro-enterprises, large companies, research entities, academia, government and public bodies, societal stakeholders

Large and small member organizations



ETSI in a nutshell



- ETSI members: 895 from 64 countries, including 23% SME/micro-enterprises and 15% universities/research bodies
- Technical groups/working groups: 100+
- Publications issued in 2023: 1 812
- Publications to date: 58 550
- Standards downloads in 2023: 19 975 000
- Plugtests interoperability events: 8
- Partnerships: 108
- ETSI Secretariat: 127 people / 25 nationalities



... to work collectively...



- **Openly**
- **Transparently**
- **Based on Consensus**



Collective work

- ETSI standards are the result of the work of, and reviews from, many different ETSI members

... in TC CYBER...



Technical Committee on Cybersecurity (TC CYBER)

- ETSI's Centre of Excellence for Cyber Security created in 2014
- Works on a range of topics – from device security to privacy, to network security, to cybersecurity tools and guides, with a Working Group on quantum-safe cryptography
- Works on both industry security challenges and security policies and legislation to address global Cyber Security problems



... and in many other groups...



3GPP SA3	Security of mobile networks
ISG NFV	Securing network function virtualization
TC ITS	Intelligent Transport Systems
ISG ETI	Encrypted Traffic Integration
TC SAI	Securing Artificial Intelligence
TC ESI	Digital signatures and trust services
TC SET	Smart cards and secure elements
ISG QKD	Quantum key distribution
TC LI	Lawful interception and retained data
ISG PDL	Permissioned Distributed Ledgers

... using a holistic approach...



Threat Analysis / Risk Assessment



Definition of security requirements



Test/assessment specification

... and collaborating with others (1)



Radio Equipment Directive
Cybersecurity Act
NIS Directive
GDPR
eIDAS
Cyber Resilience Act



CEN/CLC/JTC 13
CLC/TC 65x



Generic cybersecurity matters
eIDAS
Certification scheme (e.g. 5G)
Security of AI



ISO/IEC JTC 1 SC 27

... and collaborating with others (2)



.. to develop world class standards for ...



CROSS-DOMAIN CYBERSECURITY (TC CYBER)

- Cybersecurity ecosystem
- Protection of personal data & communications
- Consumer IoT security and privacy
- Security of critical infrastructures
- Enterprise and individual cybersecurity
- Forensics
- Cybersecurity tools and guides

SECURING TECHNOLOGIES & SYSTEMS

- Mobile / wireless systems (5G, TETRA, DECT, RRS, RFID...)
- Network functions virtualization
- Intelligent Transports Systems
- Broadcasting
- Artificial Intelligence
- IoT (oneM2M)



EVOLVING SECURITY TOOLS & TECHNIQUES

- Lawful interception & retained data
- Digital signatures & trust services
- Permissioned distributed ledgers
- Smart cards / secure elements
- Security algorithms
- Quantum key distribution
- Quantum-safe cryptography
- Encrypted Traffic Integration

... and in ETSI TC CYBER Key areas of Work



Cybersecurity ecosystem



Consumer IoT and
Mobile Security and
Privacy



Protection of personal
data and communication



Network Security



Cybersecurity for Critical
Infrastructures



Enterprise/organization
and individual
cybersecurity



Forensic activities



Cybersecurity tools



Direct support to EU
legislation



Quantum-Safe
Cryptography

Consumer Mobile and IoT security and privacy



[EN 303 645/TS 103 645](#) supports a good security baseline for internet-connected consumer products, provisioning a set of 13 provisions, with the top three being:

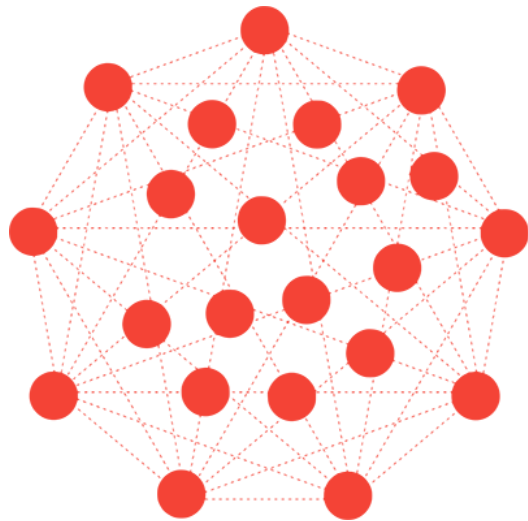
- no default passwords,
- implement a vulnerability disclosure policy,
- and keep software updated.

This baseline deliverable is complemented with an assessment specification and an implementation guide, all detailed on the [Consumer IoT security page](#).

In addition, TC CYBER has worked on a smart door lock vertical standard, based on [ETSI EN 303 645](#).

TC CYBER has also developed and continues working on a Common Criteria Protection Profile for consumer mobile devices focusing on devices with high computation power and rich user interface such as smart phones and tablets ([TS 103 732](#)).

Other IoT work in TC CYBER includes a report on Critical Security Controls ([TR 103 305-3](#)), which is applicable to IoT.



TC ESI – Digital signatures and Trust Services Standards Framework



Trust Services (eIDAS)



Signature-enhanced Services



New Trust Services (eIDAS 2)

- e-Attributes
- e-Ledgers
- e-Archiving



Signature creation & validation formats and procedures



Signing Devices



Crypto Suites



EU Digital Identity Wallet

Addressing new technologies



Quantum technologies

- Quantum Key Distribution (QKD)
- Quantum-Safe Cryptography (QSC)

Artificial Intelligence

- Securing AI from attacks
- Mitigating against AI
- Using AI to enhance security measures against attacks from other things

...

Quantum-Safe Cryptography (QSC)



Launched in 2013 as a Workshop and as an Industry Specification group in 2015 to study the potential impacts of Quantum Computing in order to make recommendations on Quantum Safe Cryptography.

Specialises in providing practical advice to industry on issues such as risk assessment, migration timelines, architecture and integration issues.

Realistic quantum-safe options for important real-world applications such as VPNs, code signing, transport security...

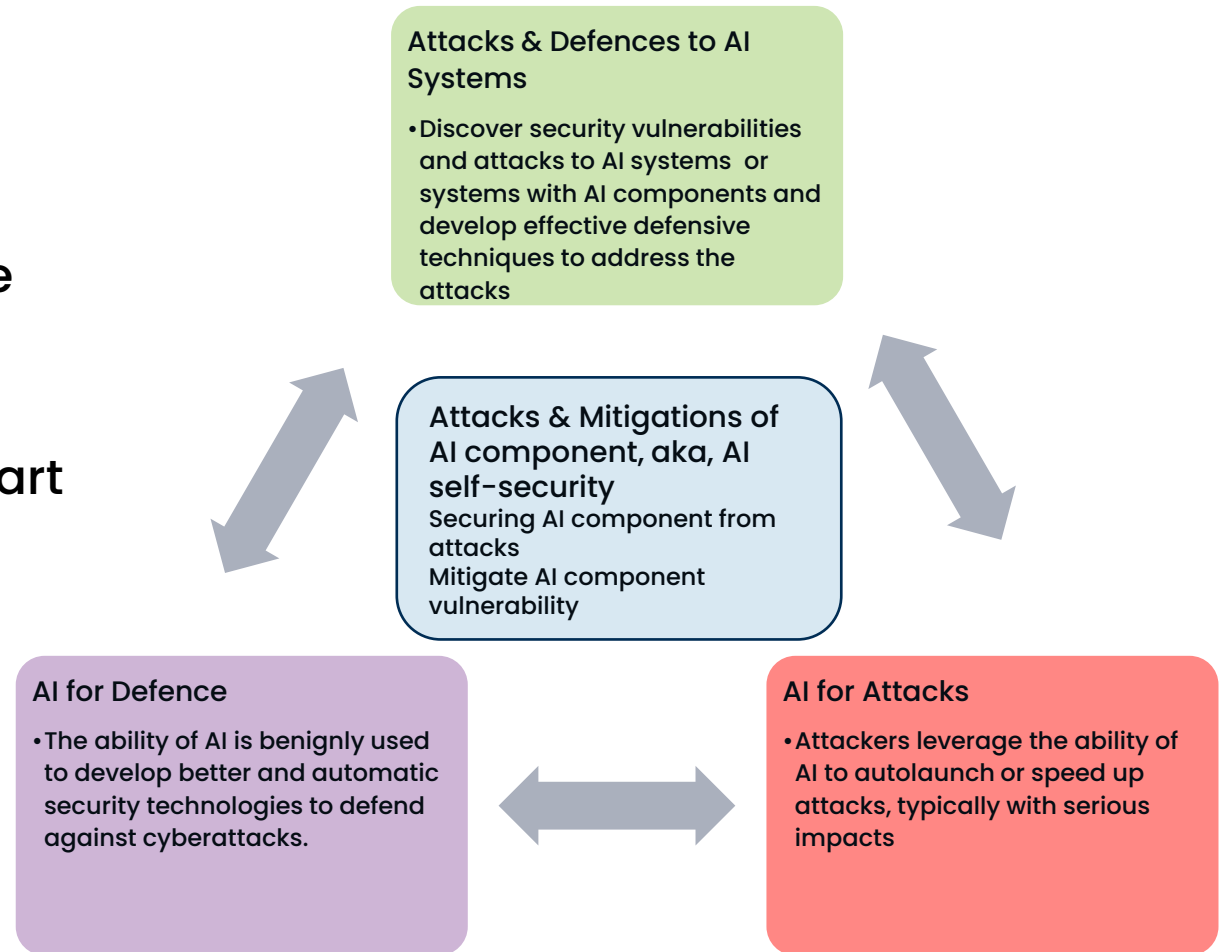
(Does not specify algorithms or key distribution techniques)

Now a working group of TC Cyber


ETSI TC SAI Scope



1. Securing AI from attack e.g. where AI is a component in the system that needs defending.
2. Mitigating against AI e.g. where AI is the 'problem' (or used to improve and enhance other more conventional attack vectors)
3. Using AI to enhance security measures against attack from other things e.g. AI is part of the 'solution' (or used to improve and enhance more conventional countermeasures).



Supporting new EU policies and legislation

- 
- A close-up photograph of a hand holding a glowing, translucent scale of justice. The scale is white and stands out against the blue and green circular highlights and digital patterns overlaid on the hand. The background is dark with some faint digital lines and dots.
- Cybersecurity Act 5G scheme
 - Proposed revised Directive on Security of Network and Information Systems (NIS 2)
 - Proposed AI Act
 - Proposed Regulation on a framework for a European Digital Identity (eIDAS 2)
 - Proposed Cyber Resilience Act

Introducing 3GPP



What is 3GPP (and what is it not)?



- It is ...
 - Comprised of 7 regional and national Standards Development Organizations (SDOs) from around the globe.
- It is populated by ...
 - Delegates representing 797 member organizations of those SDOs.
 - Delegates of the SDOs themselves.



What is 3GPP (and what is it not)?

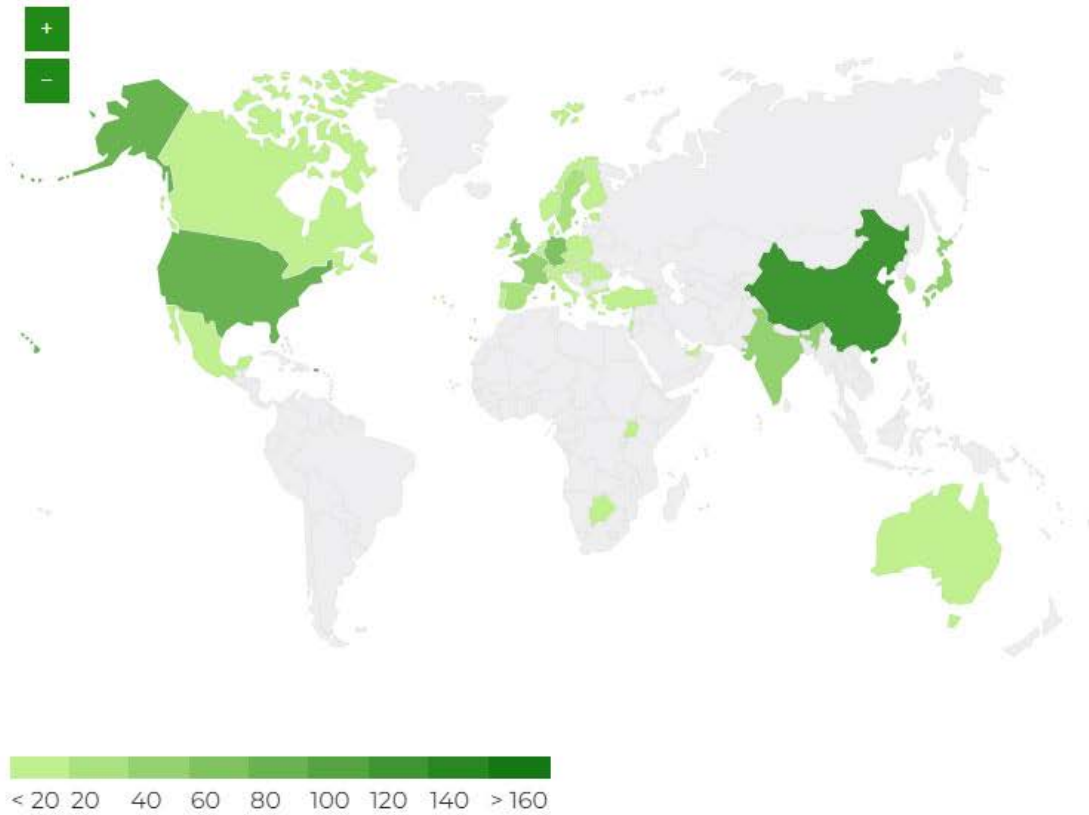


➤ It is **not** ...

- A government agency
- A regulatory body
- An arm of the ITU or the United Nations
- An arm of the EU or of CEPT
- A certification body
- A frequency-allocation body
- A legally constituted entity

3GPP Membership

3GPP Global Membership



41
Countries

797
Organizational Partner Members

6723
Number delegates at meetings this year

116
3GPP Meetings per year

4242
3GPP Specifications

ARIB

atis

CCSA

ETSI

tsdsi
India's Telecom SDC

TTA

TTC Telecommunication
Technology
Committee

The role of 3GPP

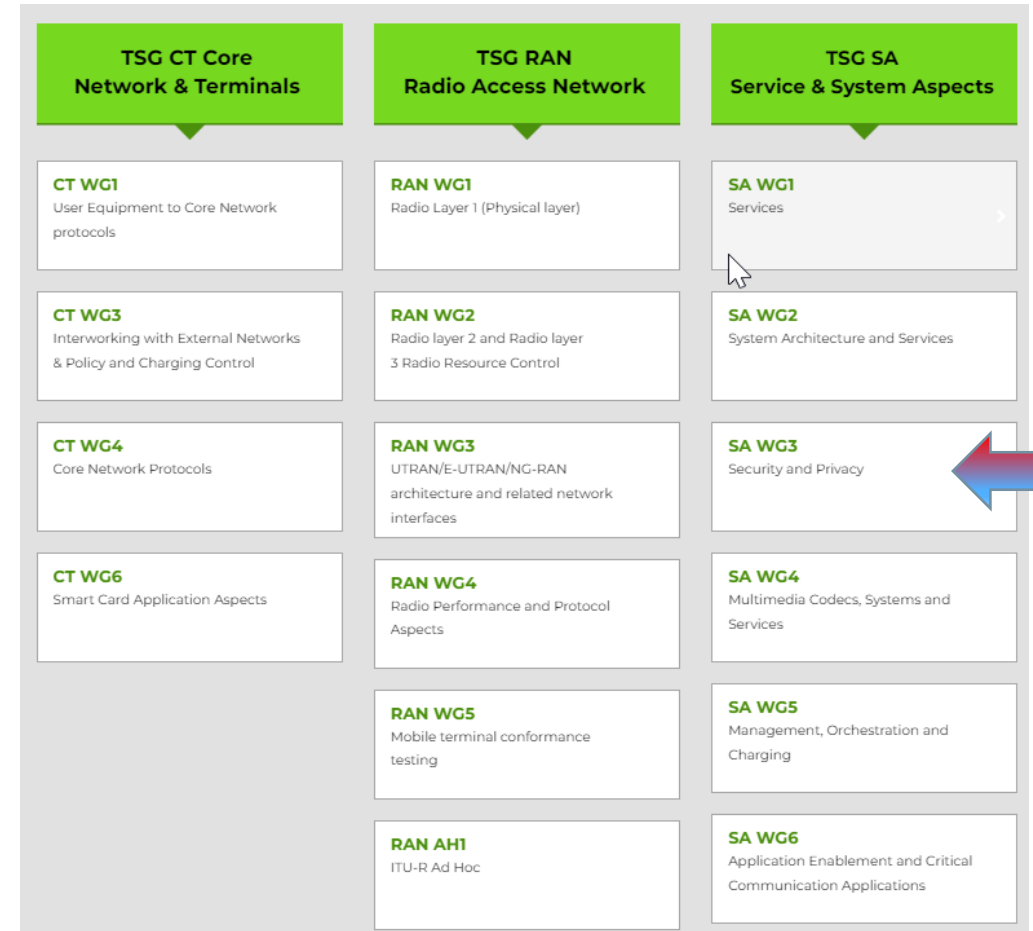
Part of the invention, proof of concept, **standardization**, trials, commercialization ...cycle

- Specifications and Studies providing a complete **system description** for mobile telecommunications
- The system description is characterized by a number of **standardized interfaces**. It is **not** a description of a standardized **deployment**
- This standardization effort enables an interoperable, multi-vendor approach to deployment and generates mass market economies of scale, without stifling innovation



Technical Specification Groups

- The TSGs prepare, approve and maintain the 3GPP Technical Specifications and Technical Reports.
- They are responsible for the detailed time frame and management of the work's progress;
 - Management of work items;
 - Technical Co-ordination;
 - Proposal and approval of work items within the agreed scope and terms of reference of the TSG
- The TSG Chair is responsible for the overall management of the technical work within the TSG and its Working Groups.
- The WG Chair is responsible for the overall management of the technical work within the WG and its sub-groups.



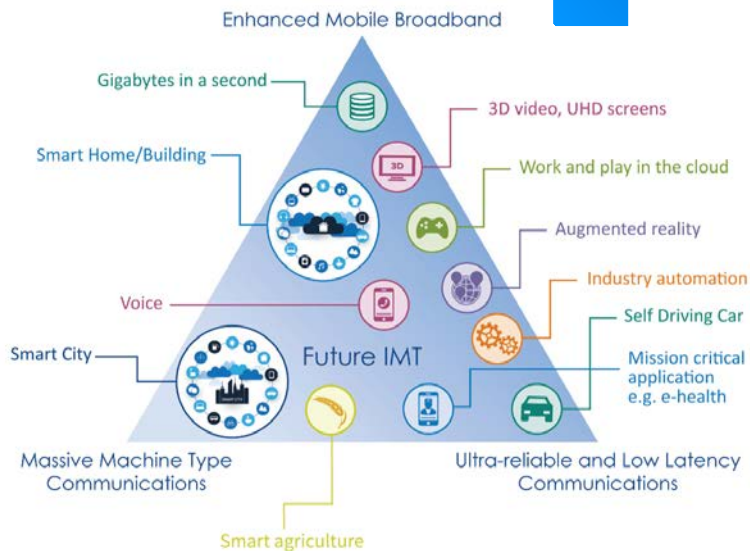
Bringing the work into the groups

Use Case diversity

- High or Low data rates
- Higher user mobility
- Improved coverage

Overall System Goals

- Enable new business
- Greater efficiency
- More flexibility – not one-size-fits-all



3GPP Working Groups

TSG CT Core Network & Terminals	TSG RAN Radio Access Network	TSG SA Service & System Aspects
CT WG1 User Equipment to Core Network protocols	RAN WG1 Radio Layer 1 (Physical layer)	SA WG1 Services
CT WG3 Interworking with External Networks & Policy and Charging Control	RAN WG2 Radio layer 2 and Radio layer 3 Radio Resource Control	SA WG2 System Architecture and Services
CT WG4 Core Network Protocols	RAN WG3 UTRAN/E-UTRAN/NG-RAN architecture and related network interfaces	SA WG3 Security and Privacy
CT WG6 Smart Card Application Aspects	RAN WG4 Radio Performance and Protocol Aspects	SA WG4 Multimedia Codecs, Systems and Services
	RAN WG5 Mobile terminal conformance testing	SA WG5 Management, Orchestration and Charging
	RAN AH1 ITU-R Ad Hoc	SA WG6 Application Enablement and Critical Communication Applications

3GPP Specifications and Reports:

Requirements	21 series
Service aspects ("stage 1")	22 series
Technical realization ("stage 2")	23 series
Signalling protocols ("stage 3") - user equipment to network	24 series
Radio aspects	25 series
CODECs	26 series
Data	27 series
Signalling protocols ("stage 3") - (RSS-CN) and OAM&P and Charging (overflow from 32.- range)	28 series
Signalling protocols ("stage 3") - intra-fixed-network	29 series
Programme management	30 series
Subscriber Identity Module (SIM / USIM), IC Cards. Test specs.	31 series
OAM&P and Charging	32 series
Security aspects	33 series
UE and (U)SIM test specifications	34 series
Security algorithms	35 series
LTE (Evolved UTRA), LTE-Advanced, LTE-Advanced Pro radio technology	36 series
Multiple radio access technology aspects	37 series
Radio technology beyond LTE	38 series

What is 3GPP SA3 working on?



Security Assurance Specifications (SCAS) for 3GPP network functions

- Test cases for a variety of 3GPP network functionalities.
- They will be an important part of the future 5G Security Certification.

256-Bit encryption algorithms for 5G/6G

- Recently approved, they will make **5G** advanced and **6G** more resilient against future attacks like those based on Quantum Computing mechanisms.

Security of Ambient IoT services

Security of AI/ML (Artificial Intelligence/ Machine Learning)

Security of Energy Serving

Security of 5G Mobile Metaverse services

Security of 5G Satellite access

Mitigation against bidding down attacks

Security of Non-Public networks (NPN)



Get involved

- ETSI has 51 Technical areas for activities.
- ETSI membership enables membership of both 3GPP and oneM2M
- ETSI members gain unlimited access and participation in all active Technical Groups and Partnership Projects
- Through ETSI Membership, organisations enhance their reputation, competitiveness and professional network
- Gain valuable information from members, locally and internationally



Any further questions?

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